

PAPER II

ANSWER KEY

Q.NO	ANSWER
	PART A
1	D
2	D
3	A
4	B
5	B
6	A
7	B
8	D
9	B
10	B
	PART B
	MAY BE EVALUATED BY THE EXAMINER
	PART C
01	<p>A community service register is a register maintained in every Indian police station for a non-cognisable offence. If the offence is a cognizable offence, then a first information report (FIR) is created and registered. A CSR is also called a daily diary report or diary report. After filing a police complaint, the CSR receipt is given as a proof of filing a complaint in the police station.</p>
02	<p>Section 93 in The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 defines the conditions for issuance of search warrant.</p> <p>The search warrant may be issued. Where any Court has reason to believe that a person to whom a summons or order under section 91 or a requisition under sub- section (1) of section 92 has been, or might be, addressed, will not or would not produce the document or thing as required by such summons or requisition, or where such document or thing is not known to the Court to be the possession of any person, or where the Court considers that the purposes of any inquiry, trial or other proceeding under this Code will be served by a general search or inspection, it may issue a search- warrant; and the person to whom such warrant is directed, may search or inspect in accordance therewith and the provisions hereinafter contained.</p> <p>The Court may, if it thinks fit, specify in the warrant the particular place or part thereof to which only the search or inspection shall extend; and the person charged with the execution of such warrant shall then search or inspect only the place or part so specified.</p>
03	<p>Eligibility norms for engaging a private security guard is mentioned in the section 10 of the act</p> <p>(1) A private security agency shall not employ or engage any person as a private security guard unless he— (a) is a citizen of India or a citizen of such other country as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify; (b) has completed eighteen years of age but has not attained the age of sixty-five years; (c) satisfies the agency about his character and antecedents in such manner as may be prescribed; (d) has completed the prescribed security training successfully; (e) fulfils such physical standards as may be prescribed; and (f) satisfies such other conditions as may be prescribed.</p> <p>(2) No person who has been convicted by a competent court or who has been dismissed or removed on grounds of misconduct or moral turpitude while serving in any of the armed forces of the Union, State Police Organizations, Central or State Governments or in any private security agency shall be employed or engaged as a private security guard or a supervisor.</p> <p>(3) Every private security agency may, while employing a person as a private security guard, give preference to a person who has served as a member in one or more of the following, namely Army, Airforce, Navy, Police and Home Guards</p>
04	<p>The different classes of fire :</p> <p>Class A: solid materials such as wood or paper, fabric, and some plastics</p> <p>Class B: liquids or gas such as alcohol, ether, gasoline, or grease</p>

	<p>Class C: electrical failure from appliances, electronic equipment, and wiring</p> <p>Class D: metallic substances such as sodium, titanium, zirconium, or magnesium</p> <p>Class F: grease or oil fires specifically from cooking</p>
05	<p>First Aid for Electric Shock victims</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Don't touch them immediately before ensuring the power is off 2. Unplug the appliance or turn off the power at the control panel. 3. If you can't turn off the power, use a piece of wood, like a broom handle, dry rope or dry clothing, to separate the victim from the power source. 4. Call for emergency help from medical team. Give First aid 5. Keep the victim lying down. Unconscious victims should be placed on their side to allow drainage of fluids. Do not move the victim if there is a suspicion of neck or spine injuries unless absolutely necessary. 6. If the victim is not breathing, apply mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If the victim has no pulse, begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). Then cover the victim with a blanket to maintain body heat, keep the victim's head low and get medical attention. 7. Rush them to Hospital
	PART D
1	SHIVANGI SINGH
2	EYGPT
3	CENTRAL SALT AND MARINE CHEMICALS RESEARCH INSTITUTE
4	BharOS
5	Article 53
6	Operation Dost is an ongoing search and rescue operation initiated by the Government of India to aid Syria and Turkey to help the countries devastated due to violent earthquake during February 2023
7	PARIS
8	PROF. B.M DAS
9	<p>The Group of Twenty, or G20, is the premier forum for international cooperation on the most important aspects of the international economic and financial agenda. It brings together the world's major advanced and emerging economies. The G20 comprises Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, EU, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Russia, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, UK and USA. The G20 Countries together represent around 90% of global GDP, 80% of global trade, and two thirds of the world's population. The objectives of the G20 are: a) Policy coordination between its members in order to achieve global economic stability, sustainable growth; b) To promote financial regulations that reduce risks and prevent future financial crises; and c) To create a new international financial architecture.</p> <p>Currently India is heading the G-20 Group and as a mark of it a new logo is released and year long celebration of events are planned across the country.</p>
10	<p>Writs are a written order from the Supreme Court or High Court that commands constitutional remedies for Indian Citizens against the violation of their fundamental rights. Article 32 in the Indian Constitution deals with constitutional remedies that an Indian citizen can seek from the Supreme Court of India and High Court against the violation of his/her fundamental rights. The five types of writs available in India to the citizens are</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Habeas Corpus 2. Mandamus 3. Prohibition 4. Certiorari 5. Quo-Warranto
11	<p>Section 159 of Indian Penal code defines Affray</p> <p>Affray—When two or more persons, by scuffling in a public place, disturb the public peace, they are said to "commit an offence of affray". The offence of affray is only committed when there are</p>

two or more persons indulged in fighting, not merely verbal, and the same conduct disturbed the public peace.

An offence of affray can be postulated if it possessed the following:

- Indulgence in fighting by two or more persons.
- the fight must take place in a public place.
- such fighting must also result in the disturbance of the public peace and atmosphere.